

TransUnion Auto Credit Industry Insights Report





Background on the Credit Industry Insights Report and our purpose for sharing this information

- TransUnion's Credit Industry Insights Report (CIIR) provides the financial services industry with market-level intelligence and key insights on four credit market segments: auto, card, consumer lending and mortgage.
- Two TransUnion business intelligence tools are used to create the auto CIIR:
 - TruIQTM: cloud-based analytics platform including credit data on credit-active consumers in the US.
 - AutoCreditInsightTM: developed by TransUnion in partnership with S&P Global Mobility; blends depersonalized credit data with personal registrations for light vehicles in the US market.
- The high-level results and key insights are updated and shared every quarter via press release and webinar.
- As part of our mission to impart meaningful and actionable insights to the auto segment, we're providing our auto customers with this shortened presentation summarizing the auto-specific results from the CIIR.
- Customers can generate their own market-level or even more customized insights through TransUnion's Business Intelligence solutions: TruIQTM and AutoCreditInsightTM, in partnership with S&P Global Mobility
 - Please contact your TransUnion sales associate to learn how to obtain access to these tools.





Auto Industry Insights Overview



In Q3 2023, total origination volume was down -4% YoY and down -16.1% vs Q3 2019

- Q3 super prime origination volume grew 12.7% YoY but remains down -9.6% from Q3 2019
- Used originating LTV's remain high as monthly payments continue to increase



In Q4 2023, 60+ DPD (account level) delinquencies climbed 16bps YoY and 7bps QoQ to 1.42%



New vehicle inventories continue to recover but vary greatly by brand and vehicle type



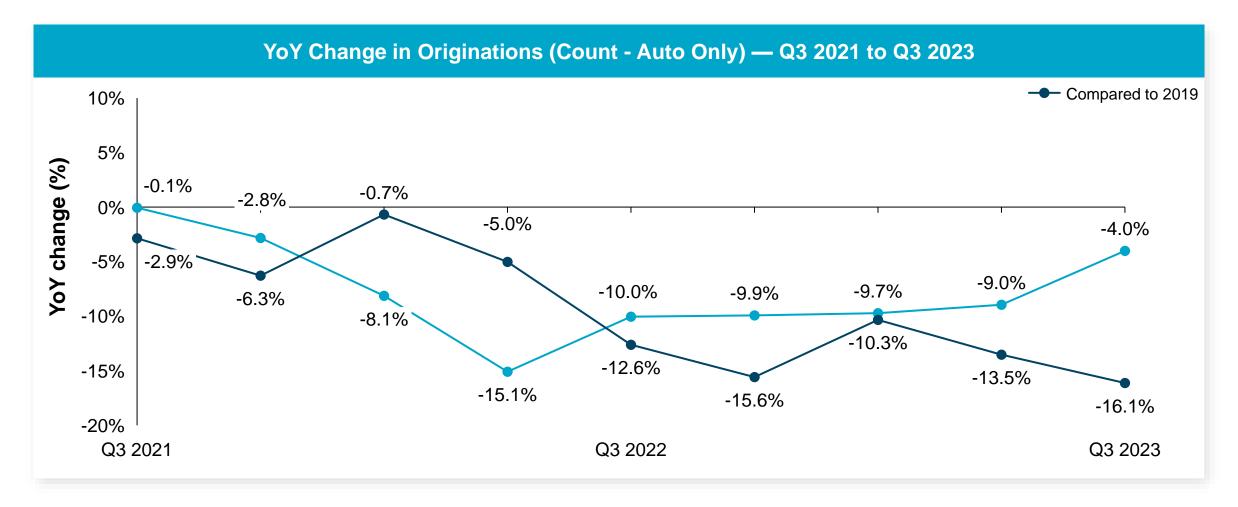




Originations

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- Q3 super prime origination volume grew 12.7%
 YoY but remains down -9.6% from Q3 2019
- Used originating LTV's remain high as monthly payments continue to increase

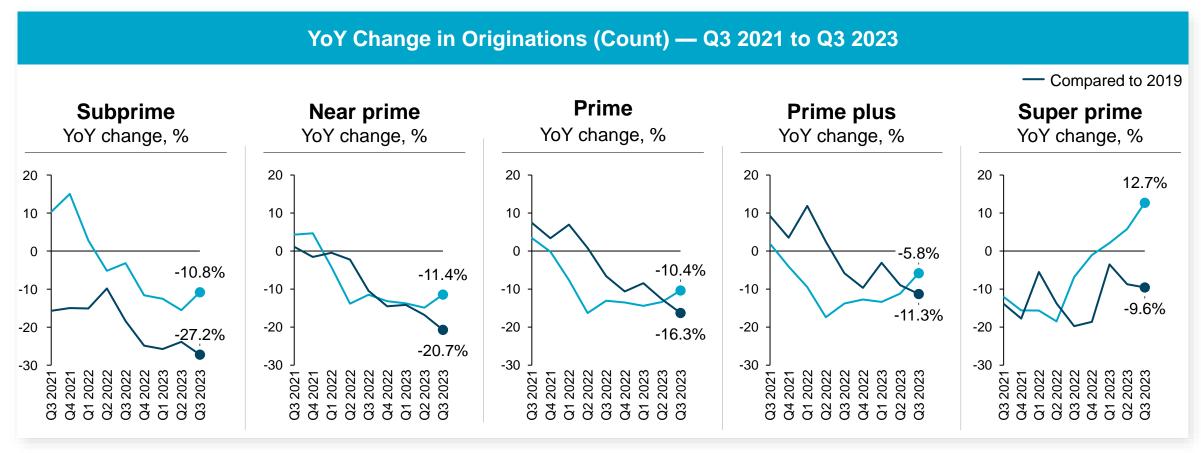
Q2 2023 originations remain down -4% YoY and -16.1% from 2019 levels



Note: Originations are viewed one quarter in arrears to account for reporting lag



Super prime originations grew 12.7% YoY however, remain down -9.6% from 2019



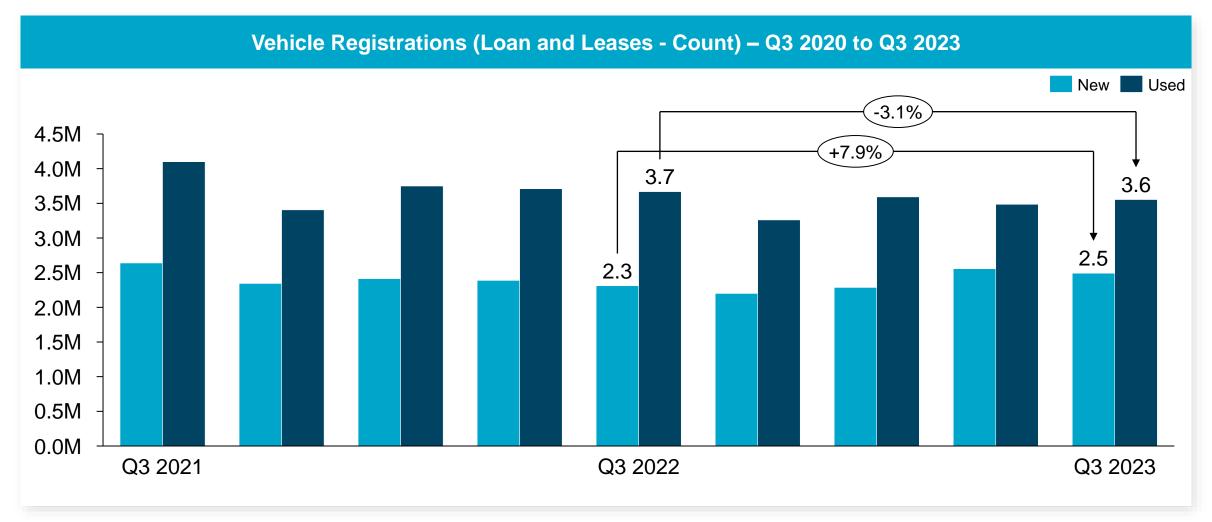
VantageScore® 4.0 risk ranges, calculated at origination

Subprime = 300–600, Near prime = 601–660, Prime = 661–720, Prime plus = 721–780, Super prime = 781+

Note: Originations are viewed one quarter in arrears to account for reporting lag



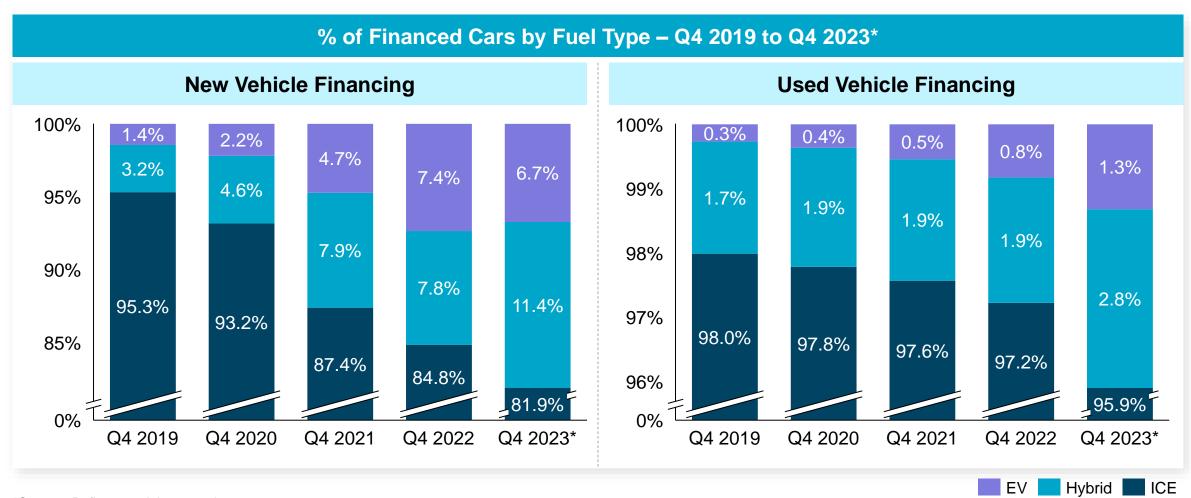
New vehicle registrations are up 7.9% YoY as inventories recover, while used vehicle registrations are down -3.1% YoY

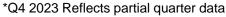






New EV financing retreated as inventories grew, while hybrid growth remains strong

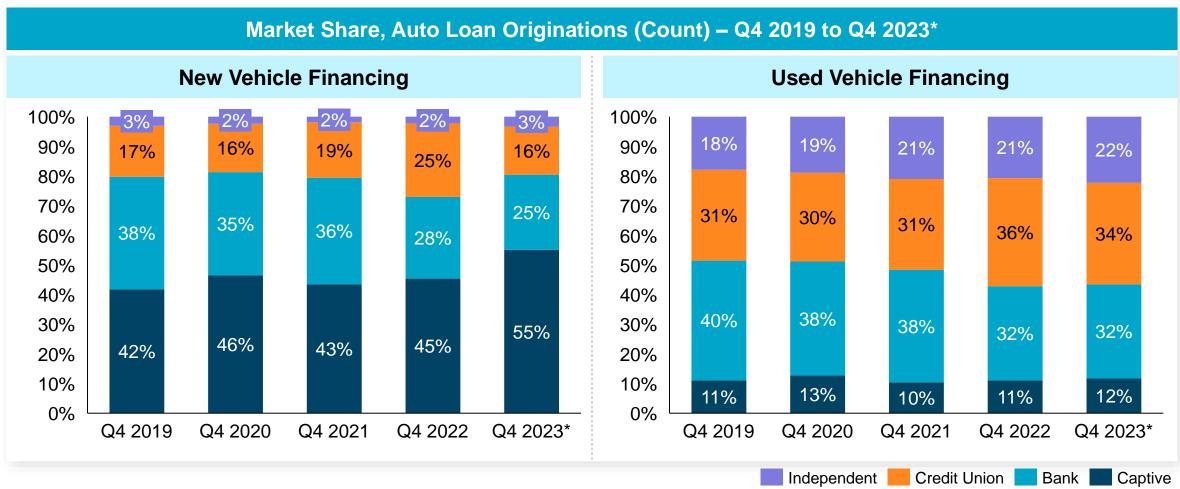


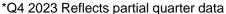






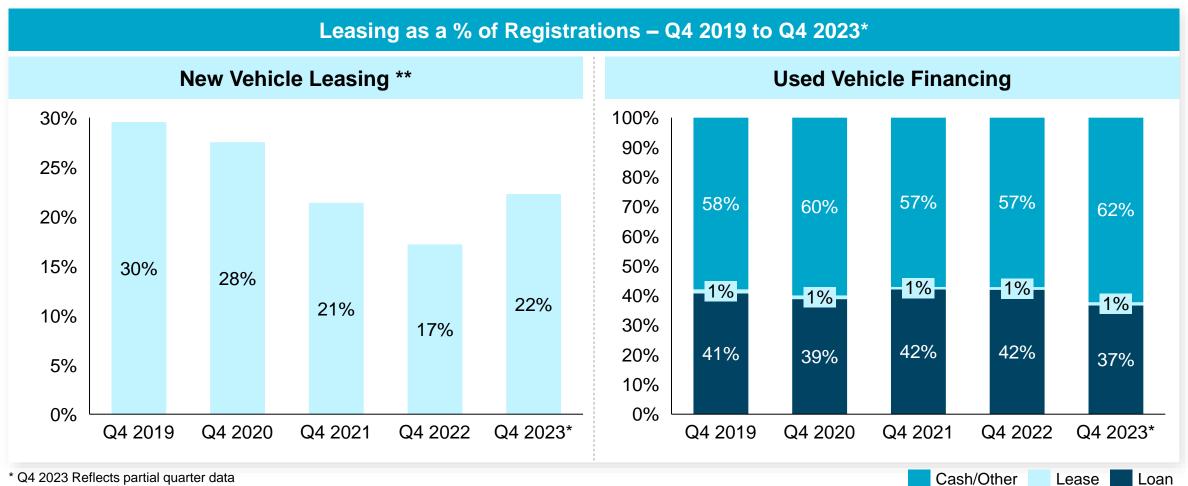
Captives continue to dominate new vehicle financing as inventories and incentives ramp up while banks continue to pull back







Leasing remains lower than 2019 levels, but is likely to grow in 2024 if inventory and incentives continue to grow

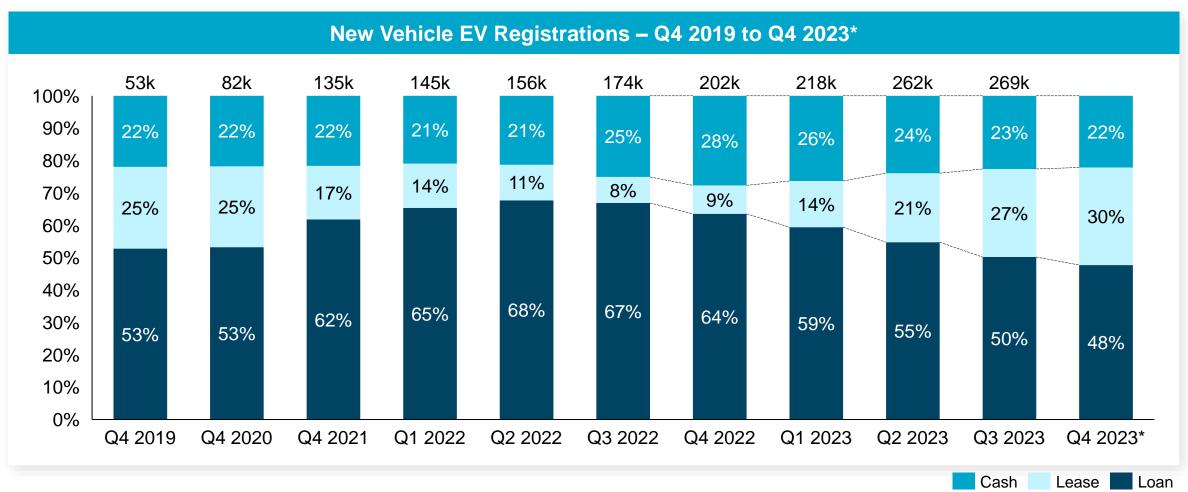


^{**} Displaying lease market share only, due to data reporting lag on new vehicle registrations





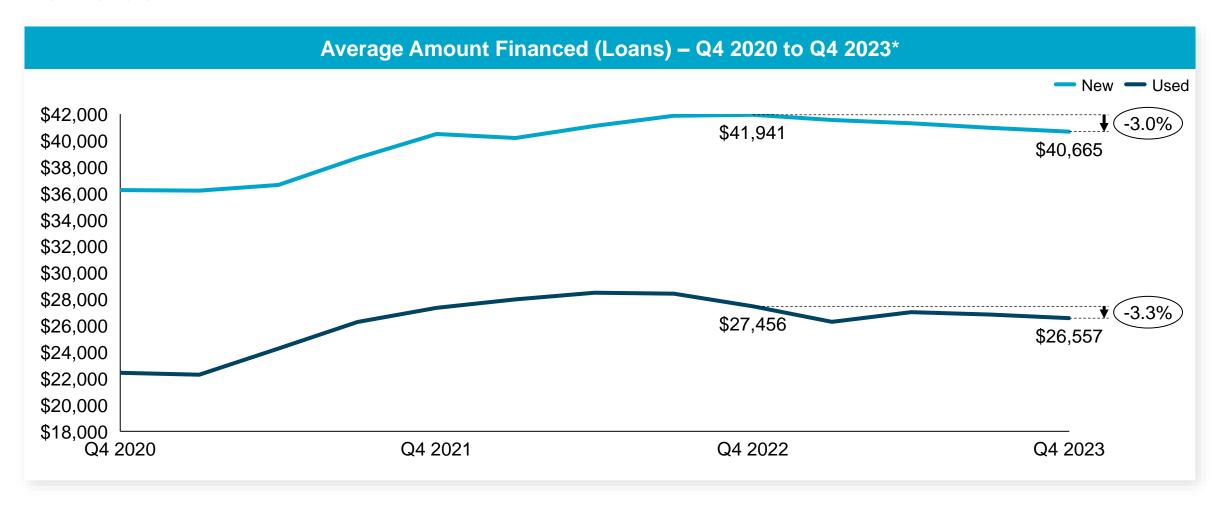
EV lease penetration shows growth and outpaces overall market lease rates







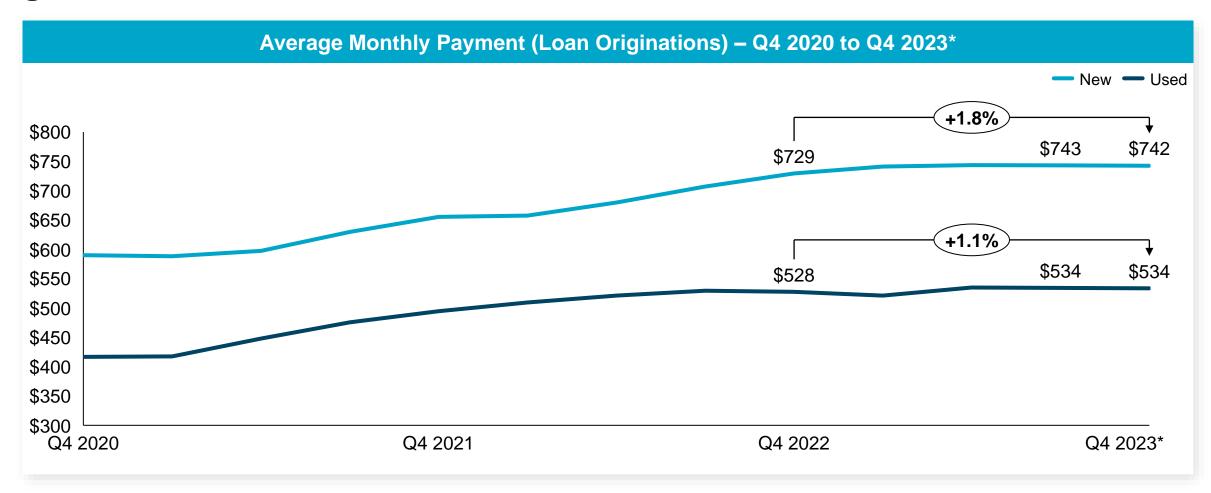
Average amount financed dropped ~3% YoY for both new and used vehicles





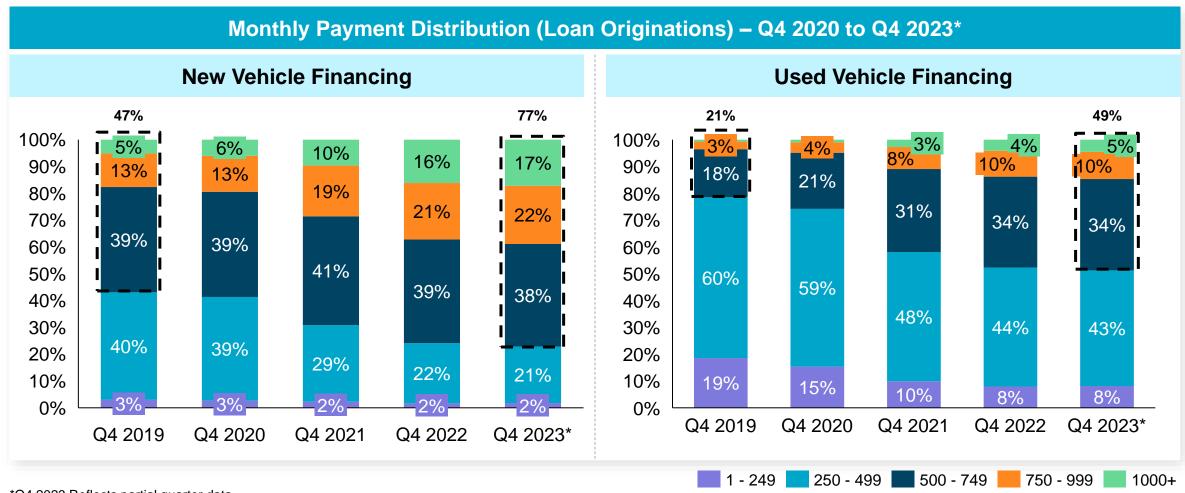


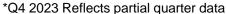
Despite a drop in the amount financed, monthly payments continued to grow 1.8% YoY for new vehicles and 1.1% for used





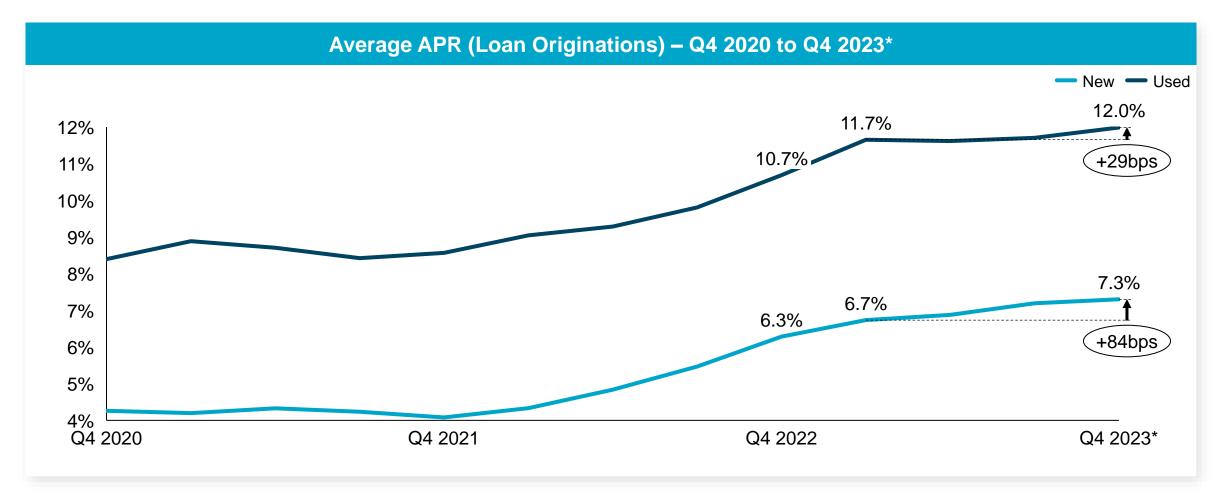
Although monthly payment growth slowed, most payments are over \$500







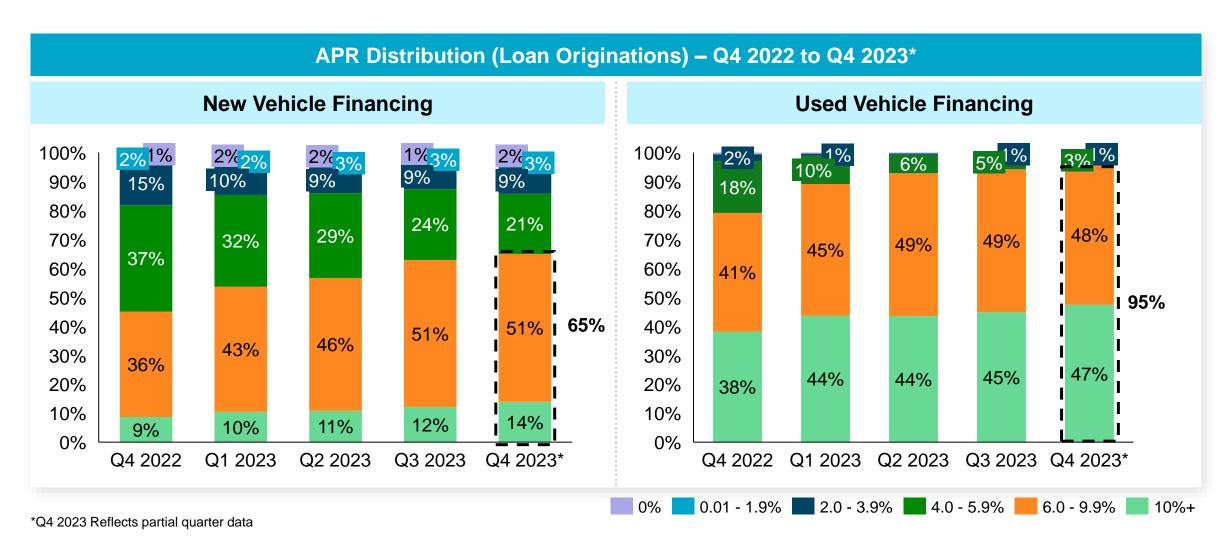
Rate growth slowed from Q1 2023 up 29bps for new financing and 84bps for used







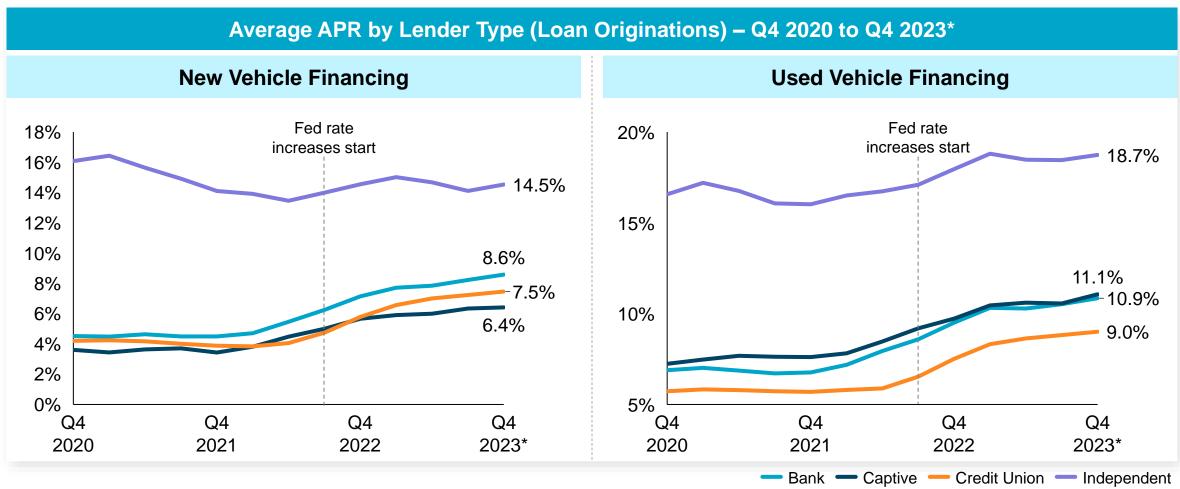
A majority of new and used financed vehicles have rates over 6%





S&P Global Mobility

Captive rates for new financing remain mostly flat as incentives roll out and credit unions remain competitive in the used market

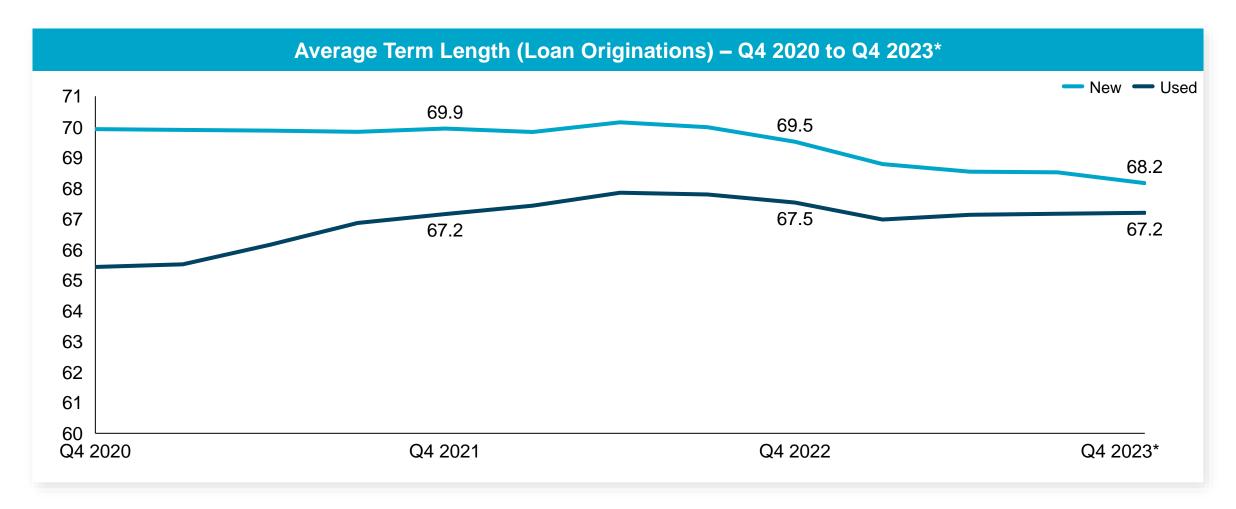






S&P Global Mobility

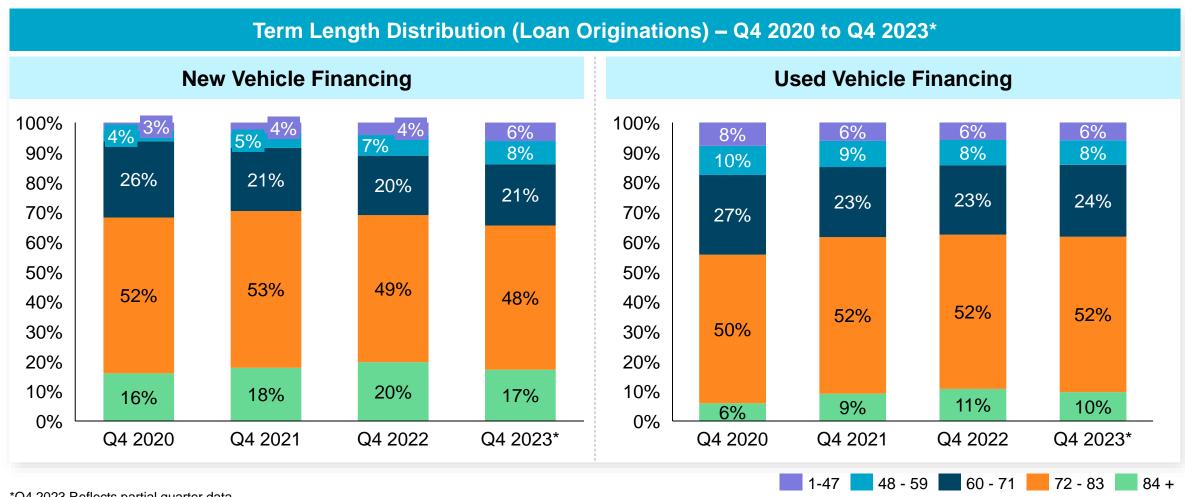
Terms remain down from peaks in mid 2022

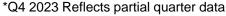






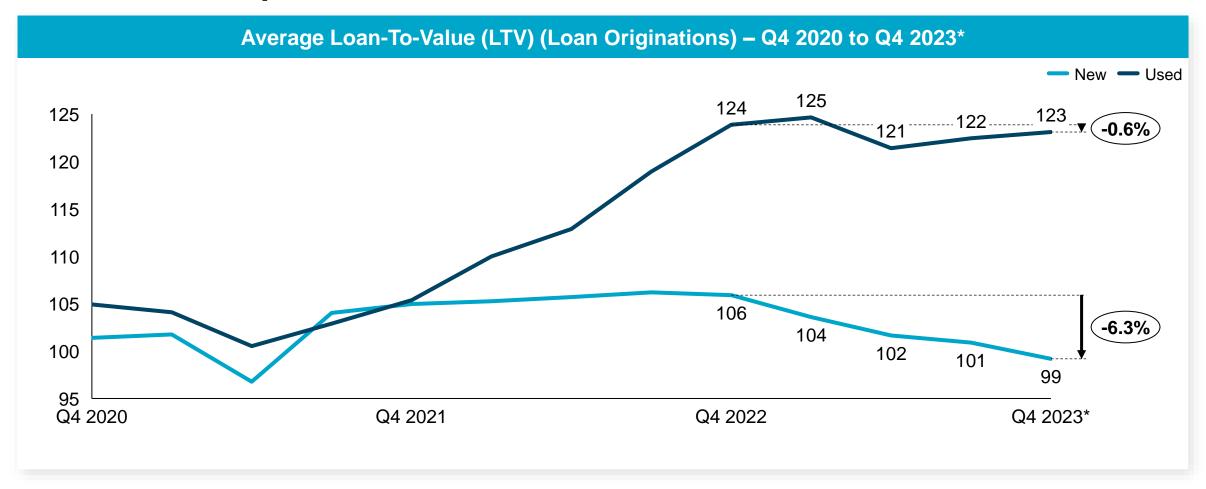
New vehicle originations under 60 months have grown because of captive incentive offers







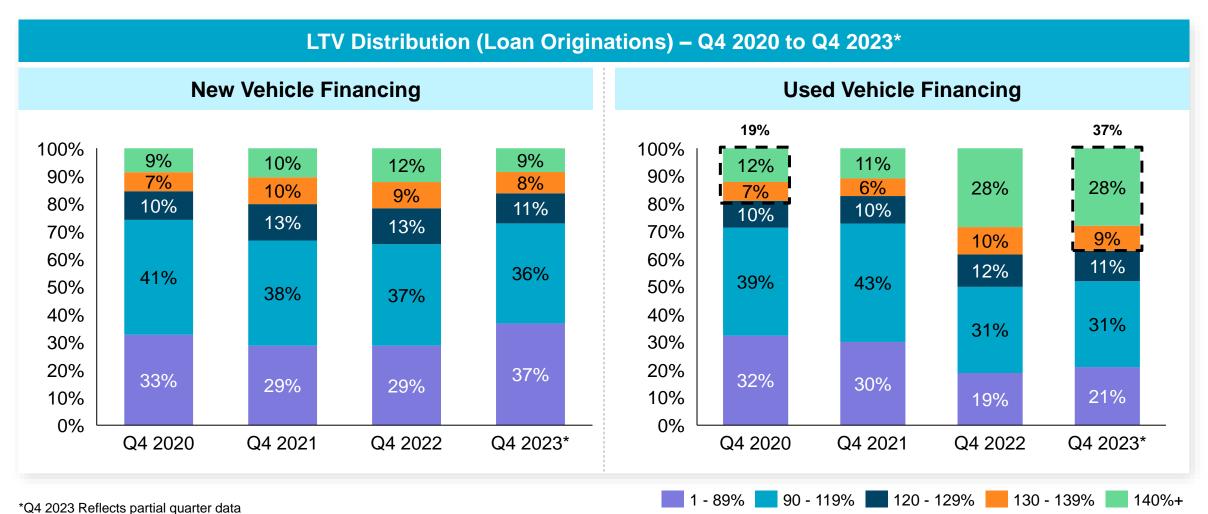
Originating LTVs remain elevated for used vehicles while new loan LTV's continue to drop







Over a third of used vehicle loans in Q4 originated with a starting LTV of 130%+ compared to only 19% of used vehicle loans in Q4 2020











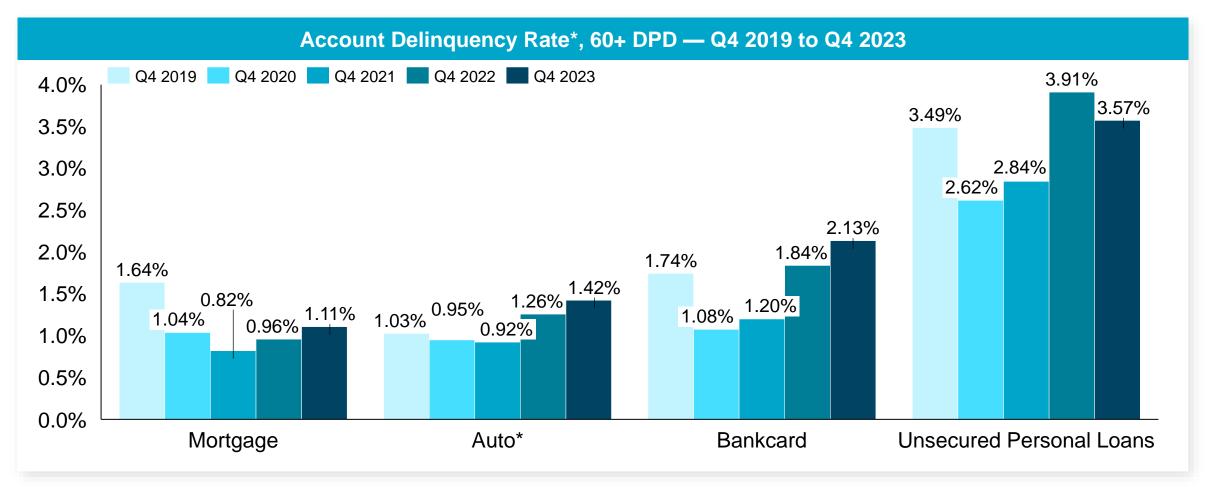
Delinquencies

In Q4 2023, 60+ DPD (account level)

delinquencies climbed 16bps YoY and 7bps

QoQ to 1.42%

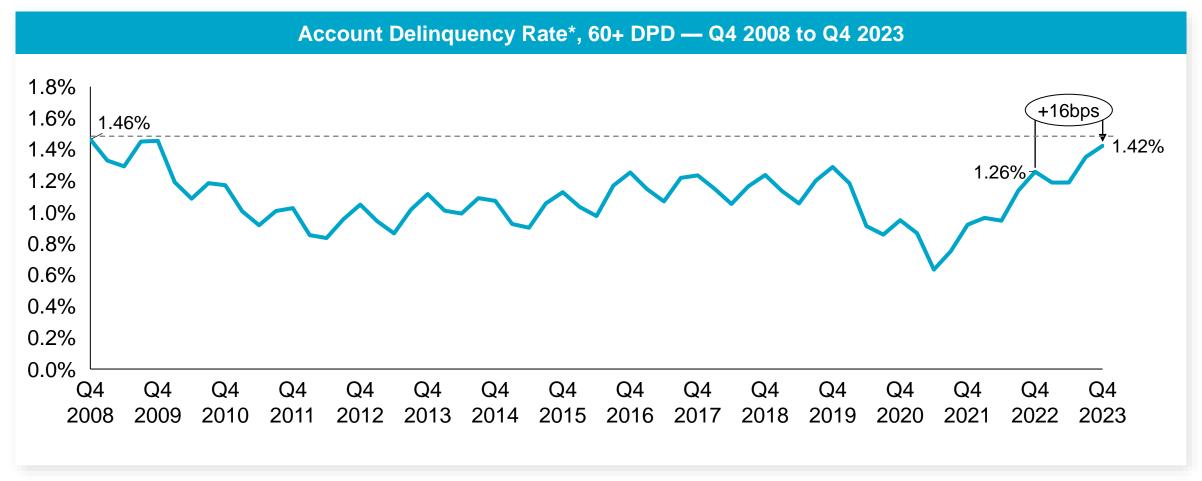
Point-in-time, account-level delinquency rates have increased across most consumer credit products



^{*}Point-in-time market delinquency rates have been restated for auto from Q2 2020 to present this quarter to exclude irregular data reporting from a data furnisher



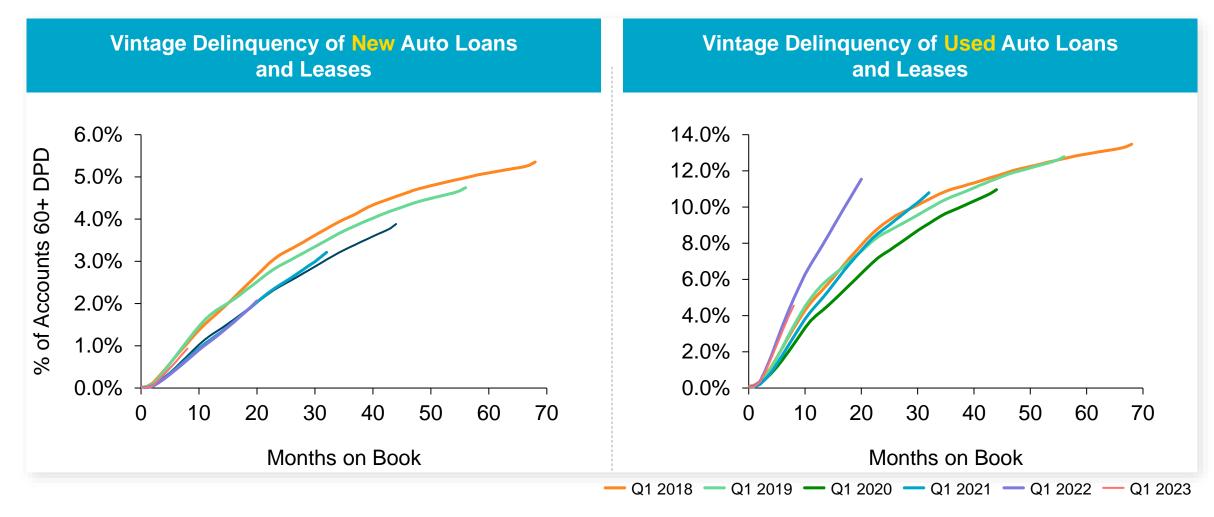
60+ DPD account delinquencies increased to 1.42% and remain 16bps higher than Q4 2022, approaching the 2008 peak



^{*}Point-in-time market delinquency rates have been restated from Q2 2020 to present beginning with the Q3 2023 report to exclude irregular data reporting from a data furnisher



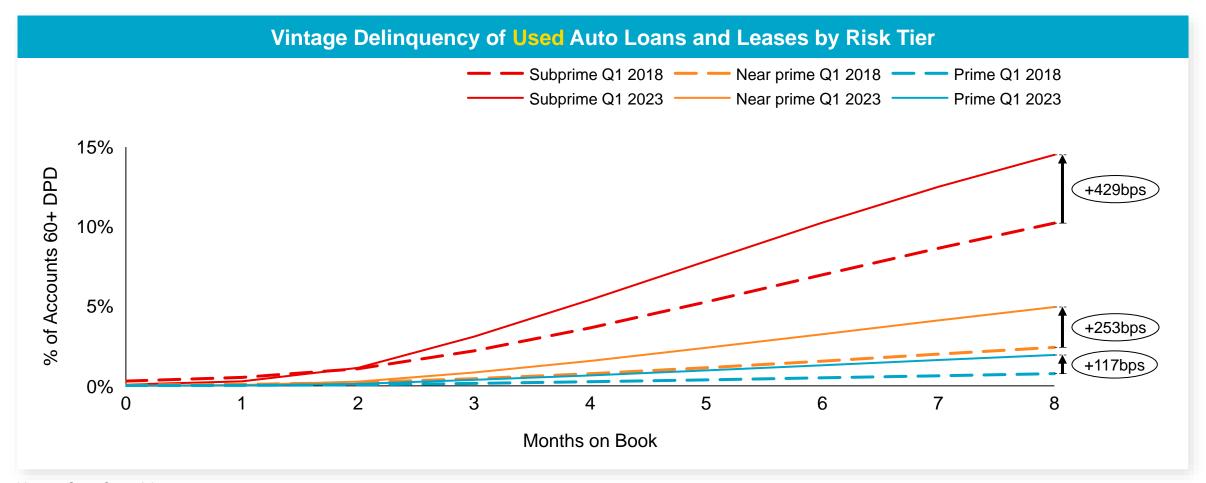
Used vehicle vintages have shown deterioration while new vehicle vintages have mostly performed in line with pre-pandemic levels







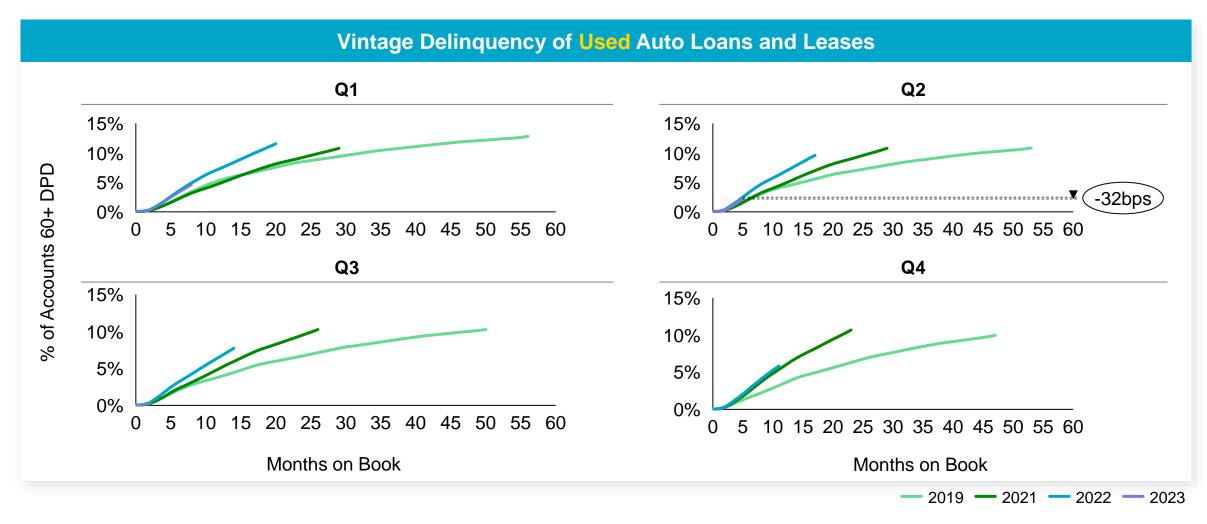
When controlled for credit risk, payment deterioration is most pronounced for below prime used vehicle originations



VantageScore® 4.0 risk ranges Subprime = 300–600, Near prime = 601–660, Prime = 661–720, Prime plus = 721–780, Super prime = 781+



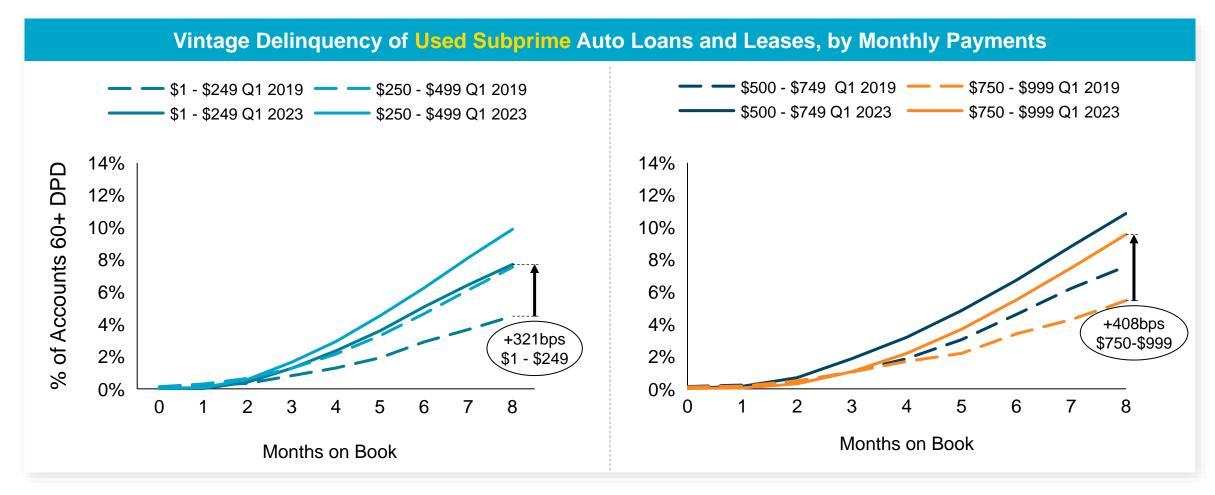
Q2 2023 vintages are 32bps below Q2 2022 at five months on book, but still showing worse performance compared to 2019 or 2021 cohorts







Subprime performance by monthly payment is similar across payment amounts with higher payments performing slightly worse then 2019

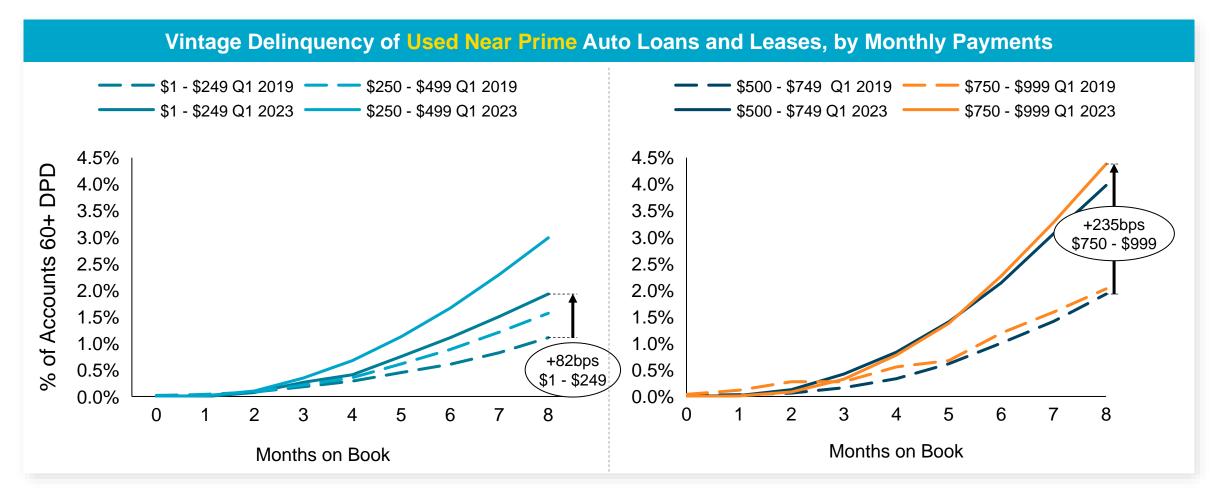


VantageScore® 4.0 risk ranges Subprime = 300–600, Near prime = 601–660





Near prime performance deterioration is substantially higher for higher payment amounts



VantageScore® 4.0 risk ranges Subprime = 300–600, Near prime = 601–660





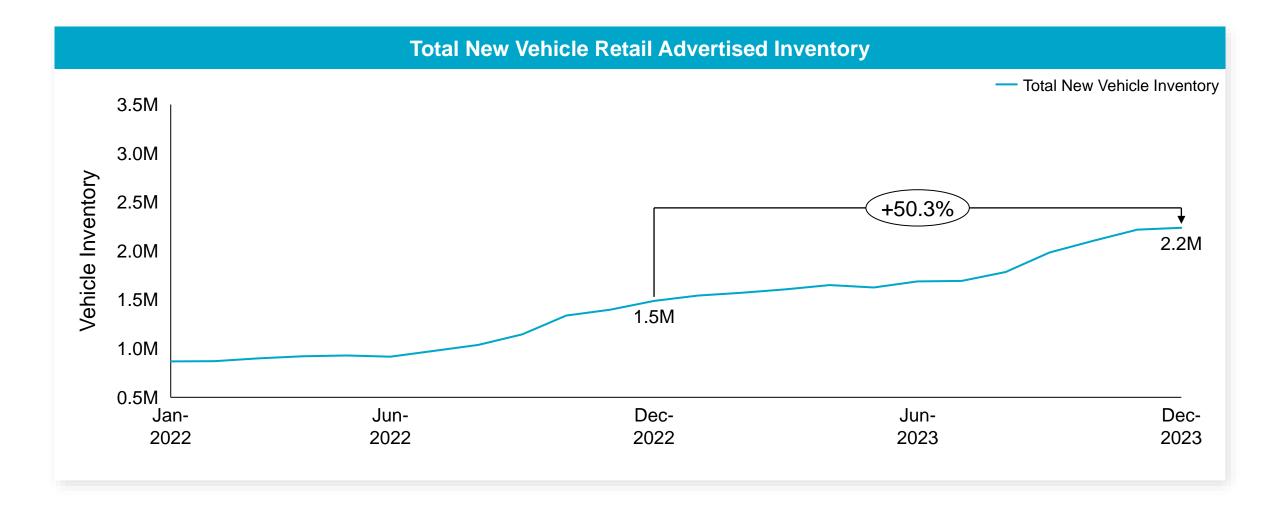




Quarterly Spotlight – New Vehicle Inventories

New vehicle inventories continue to recover but vary greatly by brand and vehicle type

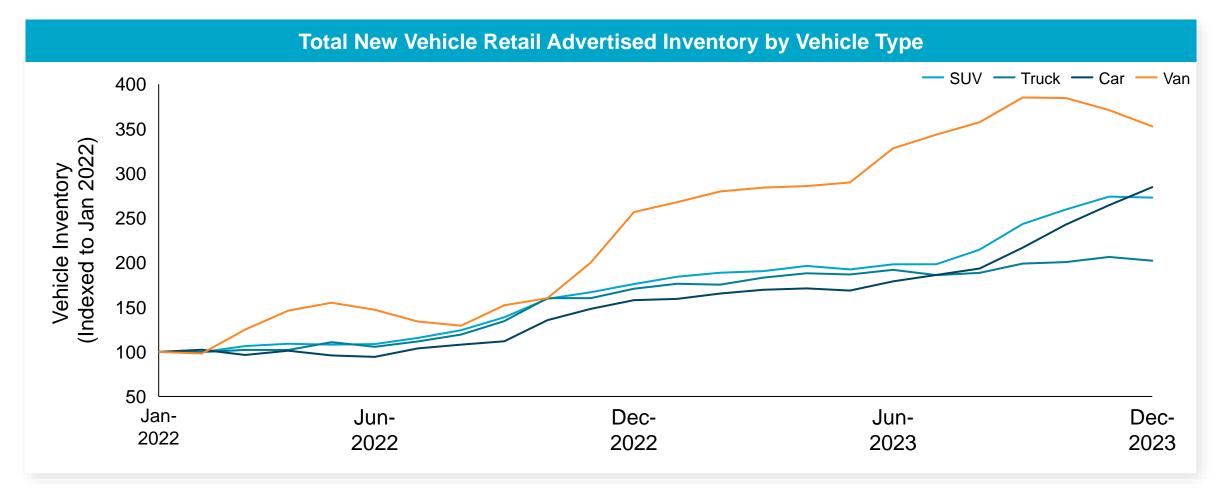
New vehicle dealer inventory grew 50% YoY







All vehicle type inventories are up, with car and SUV improving significantly over the past four months







Despite broad inventory growth, the median days advertised varies by brand

Median Days Advertised Before Sale by Make (Top 5 and Bottom 5)*	
Make	Median Days Advertised*
Chrysler	146
Jeep	98
Maserati	94
Ram	94
Infiniti	93
•••	•••
Toyota	26
Cadillac	25
Honda	25
Kia	25
Land Rover	25

^{*}As of December 2023





Brands with higher inventory levels show higher discounting while luxury bands are the least likely to have prices below MSRP

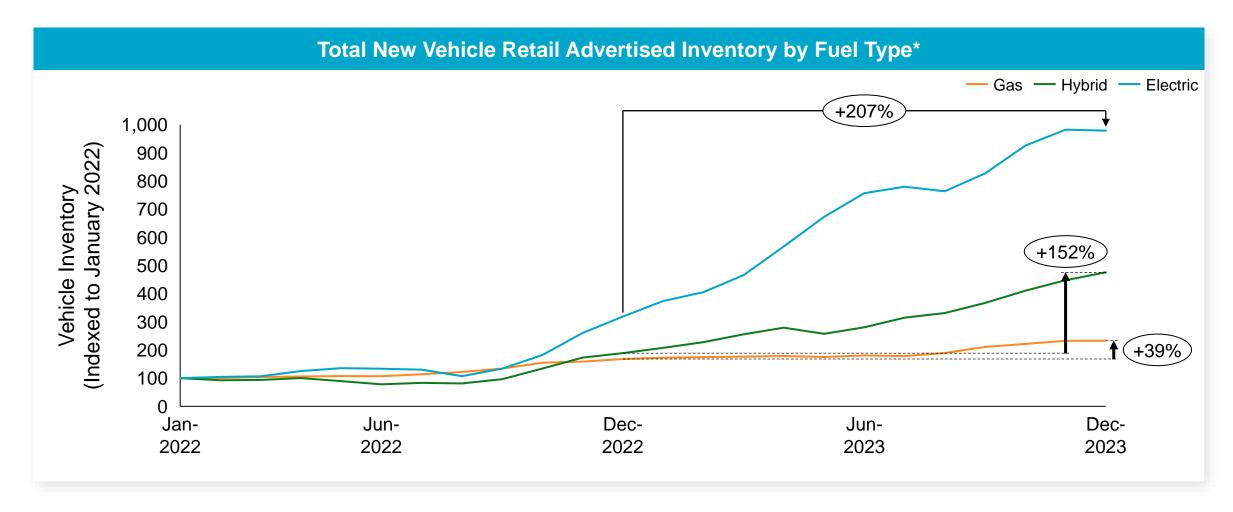
% of Vehicles with a List Price Below MSRP (Top 5 and Bottom 5)*	
Make	% with List Price Below MSRP*
Chrysler	80.29%
Ram	72.21%
Dodge	70.56%
Jeep	66.55%
Alfa Romeo	62.26%
• • •	• • •
Mini	2.30%
Land Rover	2.15%
BMW	1.67%
Mercedes-Benz	1.10%
Porsche	0.45%

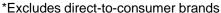
^{*}As of December 2023 and at least 1000 units of available inventory





EV inventory is up 207% YoY while gas vehicle inventory is up 39%

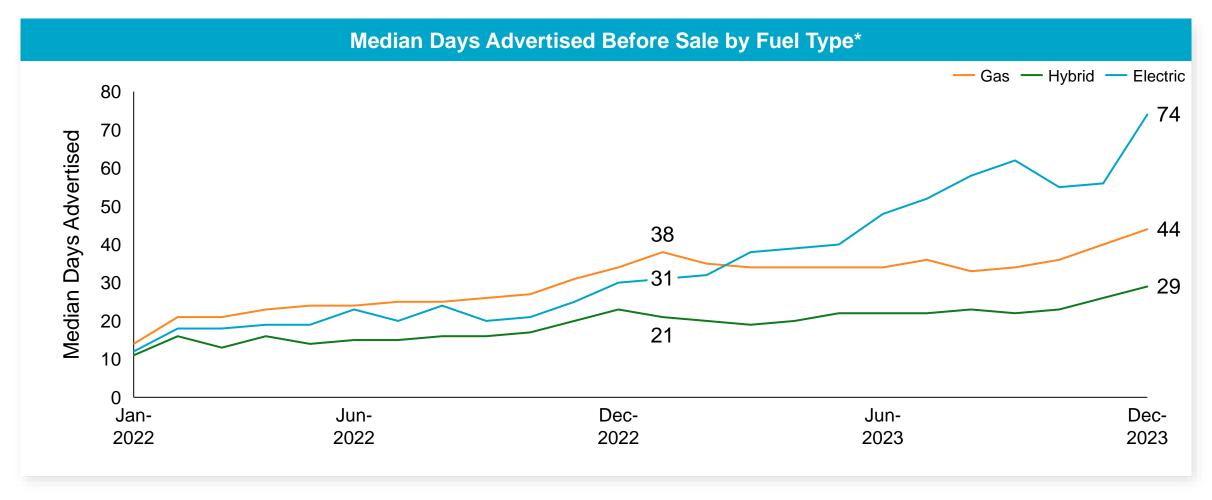


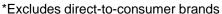






Median days advertised before a sale was highest for EV's

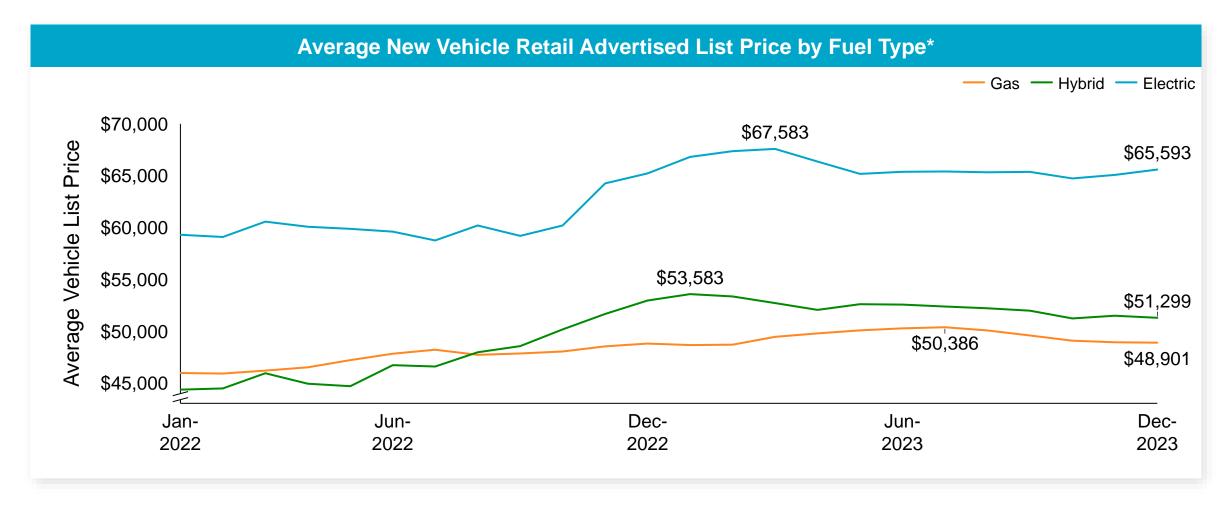








EV's remain significantly more expensive then both gas and hybrids



^{*}Excludes direct-to-consumer brands





For more information contact

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